

範圍：

年 班 座號：\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名：\_\_\_\_\_

壹、字彙測驗（每題 0 分。共 0.0 分）：

1. ( ) Your shoes are dirty. Please \_\_\_\_\_ your shoes before you go into the house.

(A) try on  
(B) take off  
(C) put on  
(D) agree with

《答案》B

詳解：你的鞋子很髒。進入這棟房子前請「脫掉」你的鞋子。

2. ( ) A : What do you call this little round bread?

B : We call it a "\_\_\_\_\_."

(A) salad  
(B) bean  
(C) steak  
(D) bun

《答案》D

詳解：A：你們如何稱呼這個小的圓形麵包？ B：我們叫它「小圓麵包」。

3. ( ) Could you bring me that \_\_\_\_\_? I need it to cook noodles.

(A) pot  
(B) towel  
(C) bug  
(D) grass

《答案》A

詳解：你可以把那「鍋子」拿來給我嗎？我需要它來煮麵。

4. ( ) Robert was \_\_\_\_\_ because he lost his job and had trouble (困難) finding a new one.

(A) shy  
(B) lucky  
(C) able  
(D) unhappy

《答案》D

詳解：Robert「不開心」，因為他失去工作，而且求職時遇到困難。

5. ( ) Oh, no! Your favorite restaurant isn't open today. Where \_\_\_\_\_ can we have lunch?

(A) gently  
(B) else  
(C) well  
(D) slowly

《答案》B

詳解：哦，不！你最喜愛的餐廳今天沒開門。我們「還」能去哪裡吃午餐呢？

6. ( ) Carol needs half a \_\_\_\_\_ eggs. In other words (換句話說), she needs six eggs.

(A) sight

- (B) lesson
- (C) land
- (D) dozen

《答案》D

詳解：Carol 需要半「打」蛋。換句話說。她需要六顆蛋。

7. (     ) There are a lot of fish and three \_\_\_\_\_ in the pool. Let's feed them.
- (A) knives
  - (B) workbooks
  - (C) turtles
  - (D) straws

《答案》C

詳解：池子裡有許多魚和三隻「烏龜」。我們來餵牠們。

8. (     ) My brother goes \_\_\_\_\_ after school to stay healthy and strong.
- (A) bothering
  - (B) jogging
  - (C) feeding
  - (D) dying

《答案》B

詳解：我弟弟放學後去「慢跑」，保持健康和強壯。

9. (     ) I read a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ report about a big fire in the city last night.
- (A) postcard
  - (B) newspaper
  - (C) choice
  - (D) action

《答案》B

詳解：我讀到一篇關於昨晚城市發生大火的「報紙」報導。

10. (     ) I have to write an answer on every line in this \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) workbook
  - (B) spoon
  - (C) fork
  - (D) knife

《答案》A

詳解：我必須在這本「習作」的每一行上寫下一個答案。

11. (     ) My younger brother is \_\_\_\_\_ than me, so maybe he can wear my old clothes.
- (A) taller
  - (B) shorter
  - (C) very tall
  - (D) so short

《答案》B

詳解：我的弟弟比我「更矮小」，所以他也許可以穿我的舊衣服。**short** 是單音節形容詞，所以其比較級直接在形容詞後加 **-er**。

12. (     ) Mr. Lee is 30 years old. Mrs. Lee is 33 years old. Mr. Lee is three years \_\_\_\_\_ than Mrs.

Lee.

(A)theyounger

(B) younger

(C)theolder

(D) older

《答案》B

詳解：由前句可知，李先生比李太太年輕，而 **young** 為單音節形容詞，在它後面直接加-er 即形成比較級。

13. ( ) Sheldon is the \_\_\_\_\_ student in his class, and he is also the \_\_\_\_\_ student of all.

(A) younger; smarter

(B) younger; smartest

(C) youngest; smarter

(D) youngest; smartest

《答案》D

詳解：由 **in his class** 與 **of all** 可知，兩個空格皆用形容詞最高級。

14. ( ) At first, the restaurant's business didn't go well (好地). Few people knew about it.

However, it's \_\_\_\_\_ restaurant in the city now.

(A) most popular

(B) more popular

(C) the most popular

(D) the more popular

《答案》C

詳解：由 **in the city** 可知為三者以上的比較，故用形容詞最高級。

15. ( ) Though Linda was only twenty, \_\_\_\_\_ she was already a successful writer.

(A) but

(B) so

(C) and

(D) ×

《答案》D

詳解：**Though** 為從屬連接詞，句中不需其他連接詞。